

SWD002

PN: SW20008IB66





1. Electrical Specifications

| Standards | 4G&3G&2G | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Frequency range(MHz) | 698~960MHz | 1710~2690MHz |
| Peak Gain (dBi) | -1.6~2.4dBi | -0.3~3.5dBi |
| Average Gain (dB) | -4.3~-1.8dB | -4.1~-1.7dB |
| VSWR | < 4.0 | < 2.5 |
| Return Loss | < -4.6 | <-7.3 |
| Efficiency (%) | 37.2~66.3% | 39.1~67.9% |
| Polarization mode | Linear | Linear |
| Radiation pattern | Omni-Directional | Omni-Directional |
| Output impedance (Ω) | 50 | 50 |
| Max. Input Power(W) | 25 | 25 |

Note:

All parameters are measured with Sunnyway's EVK which size is 115*65mm

2. Mechanical and Environmental Specification

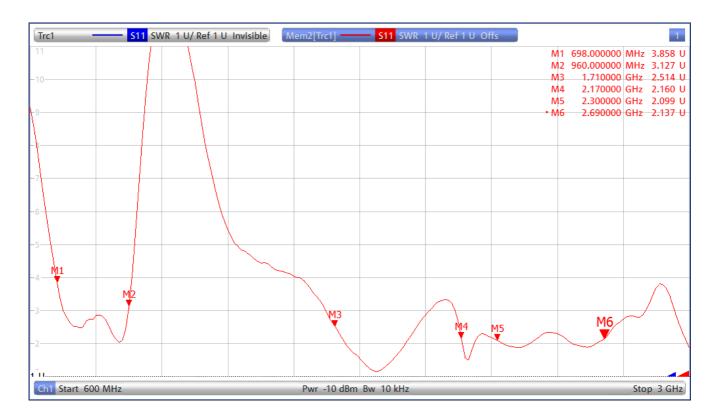
| Mounting Type | SMD |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Antenna size(mm) | 35.0 (L) x 8.5 (W) x 3.0 (H) |
| Material | РСВ |
| Operating Temperature (°C) | - 40 °C ~ + 85 °C |
| Storage Temperature(°C) | - 40 °C ~ + 85 °C |



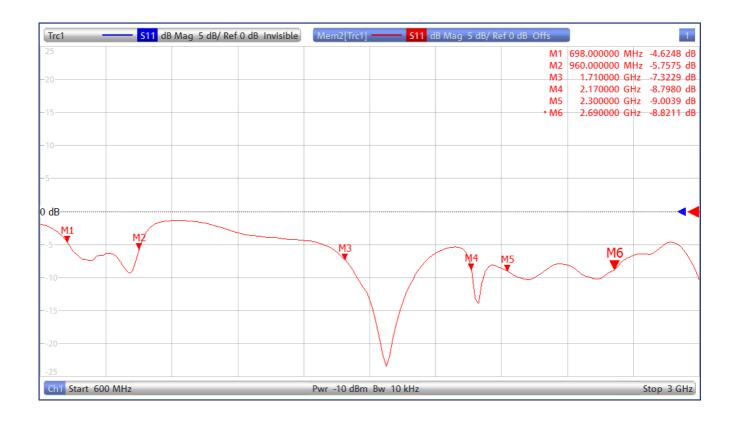


| FRE (MHz) | 698 | 960 | 1710 | 2170 | 2300 | 2690 |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| VSWR | 3.85 | 3.12 | 2.51 | 2.16 | 2.09 | 2.13 |
| Return Loss | -4.62 | -5.75 | -7.32 | -8.79 | -9.00 | -8.82 |
| Eff (%) | 37.2 | 38.2 | 56.5 | 39.1 | 65.5 | 56.4 |
| Average Gain(dB) | -4.3 | -4.2 | -2.5 | -4.1 | -1.8 | -2.5 |





VSWR



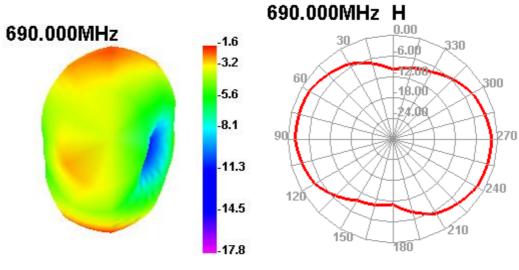
Return Loss

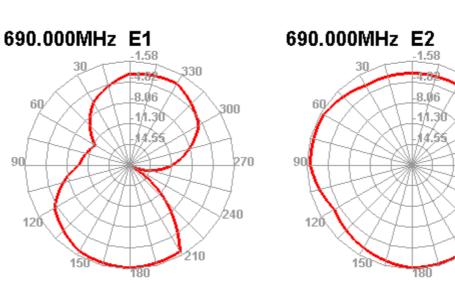
300



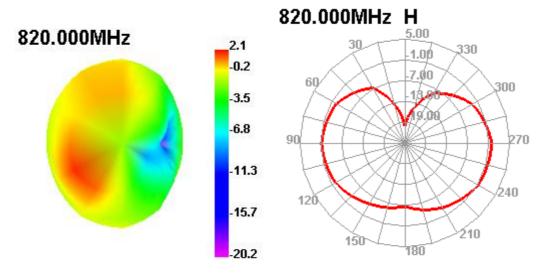
Directional pattern

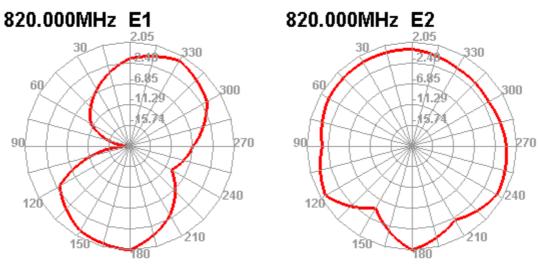
Board length 110mm

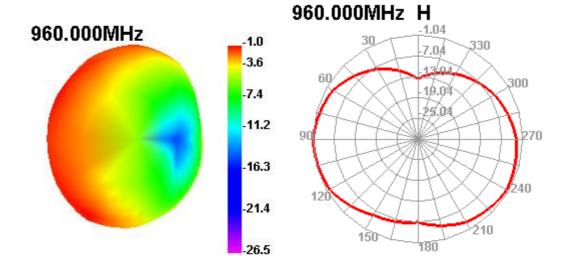






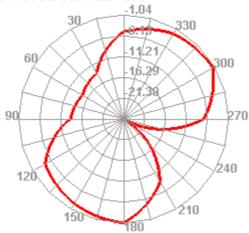




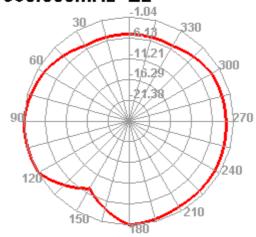




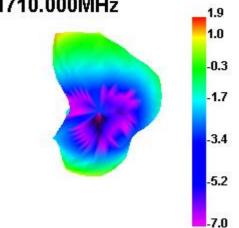




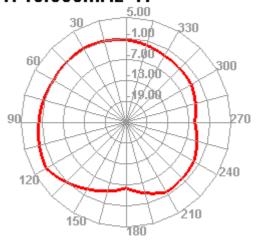
960.000MHz E2



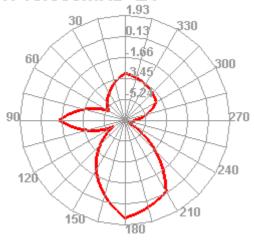
1710.000MHz



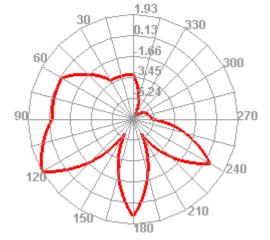
1710.000MHz H



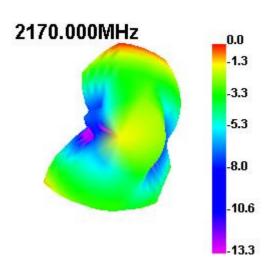
1710.000MHz E1

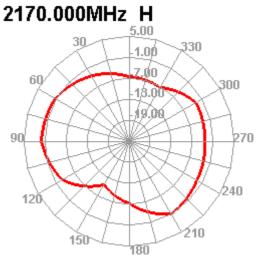


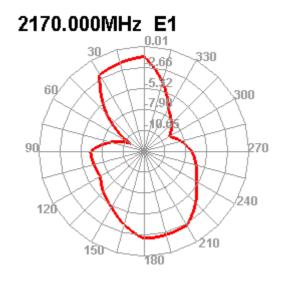
1710.000MHz E2

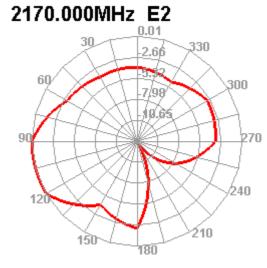


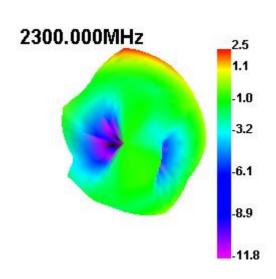


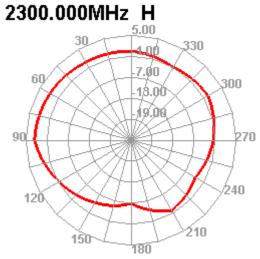






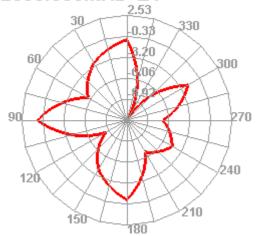




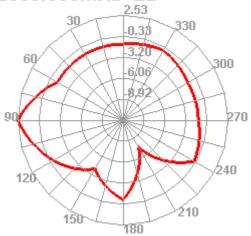




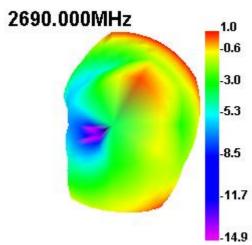
2300.000MHz E1

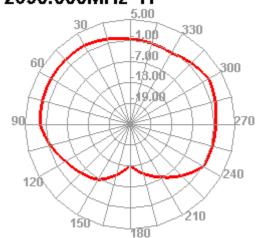


2300.000MHz E2

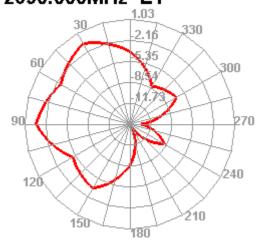


2690.000MHz H

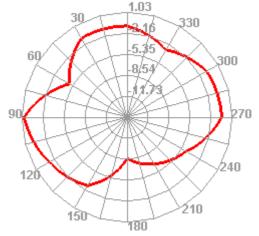




2690.000MHz E1



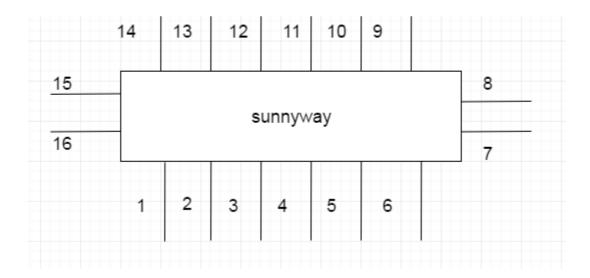
2690.000MHz E2





4. Schematic symbol and Pin definition

The pin assignment for the SWD002 antenna are as follows. The antenna has 16 pins and only two work. All other pins are designed for mechanical strength.



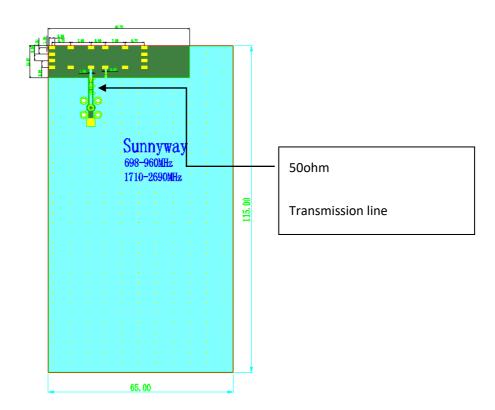
| Pin No. | Description |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 3 | Feed |
| 4 | Return/GND |
| 1,2,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16 | Not used |
| | (Mechanical only) |



5. Transmission Line

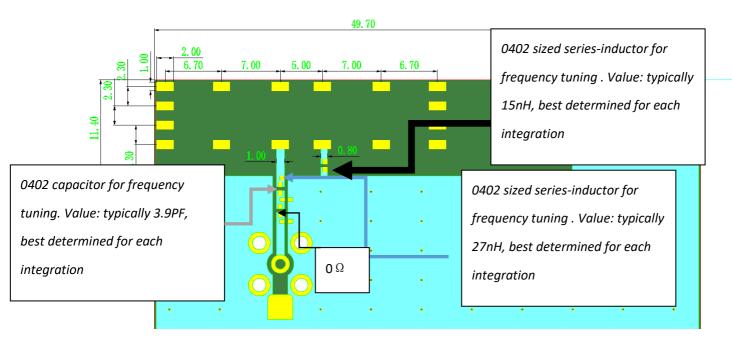
The characteristic impedance of all transmission lines shall be designed as 50 Ω .

- The length of the transmission lines should be kept to as short as possible
- Any other part of the RF system, such as transceiver, power amplifiers, etc., shall also be designed with an impedance of 50 Ω

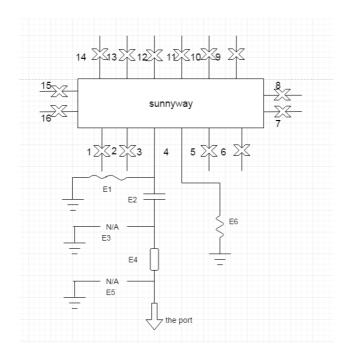




6. Matching circuit



The antenna requires a matching circuit that must be optimized for each product. The matching circuit will require up to six components and the following circuit should be designed into the host PCB. Not all components may be required but should be included as a precaution. The matching network must be placed close to the antenna feed to ensure it is more effective in tuning the antenna.



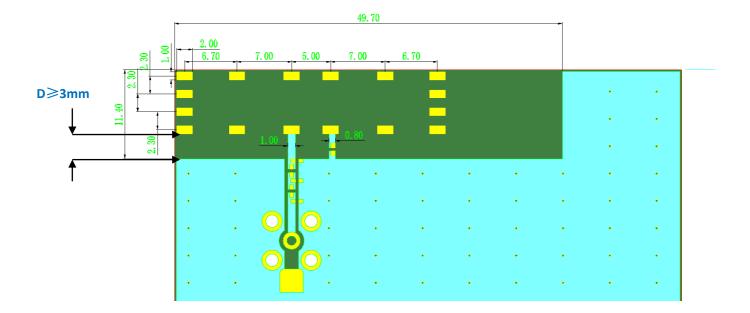


| | Туре | Value |
|----|-------------|----------------|
| E1 | Inductor | 27nH |
| E2 | Capacitor | 3.9 <i>P</i> f |
| E3 | N/A | N/A |
| E4 | Capacitance | 0Ω |
| E5 | N/A | N/A |
| E6 | Inductor | 15nH |

7. Host PCB Requirement

The printed circuit board of the host must ensure that the antenna clearance area meets the antenna specifications. It is suggested that putting the antenna in the corner of the PCB.

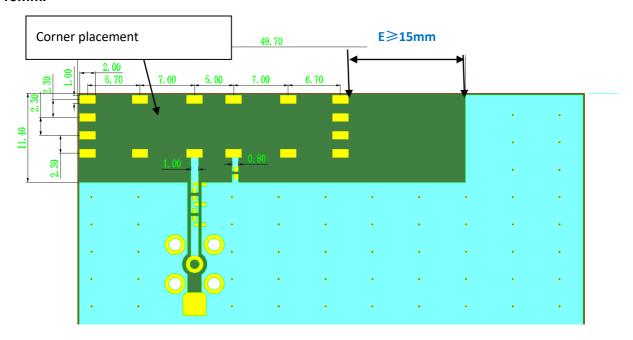
An example of a PCB layout shown as below:





Gap D is required from the edge of the antenna to the ground plane. This should be maintained along the edge of the antenna placement, **minimum value is 3mm**.

Gap E is required from the edge of the antenna to the ground plane or PCB traces, minimum value is 15mm.

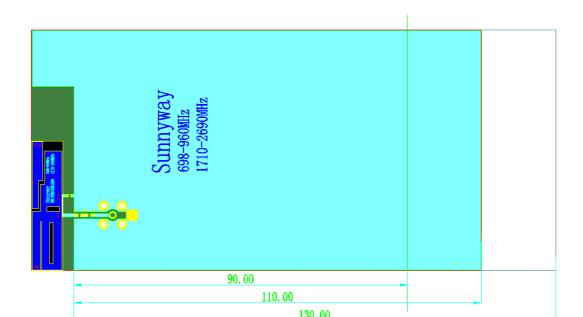




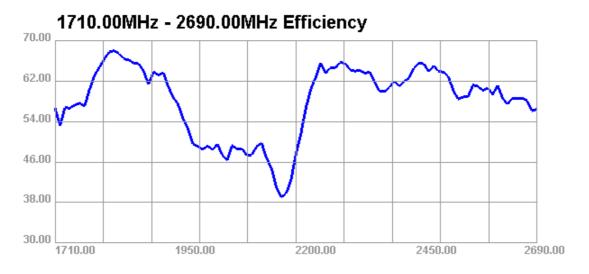
The performance of the low frequency section depends on the length of the ground plane.

Reducing GND length will directly impact on the performance of low frequency band.

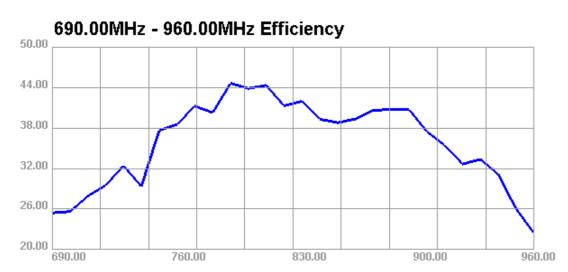
Take antenna efficiency measurement results on different GND sizes as an example:

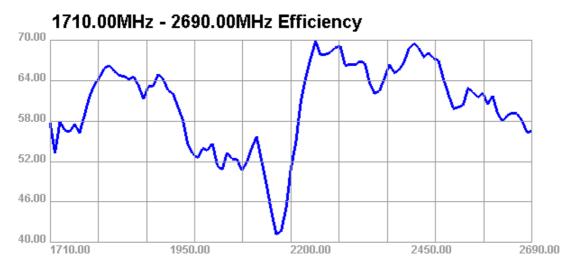






Board length 90mm

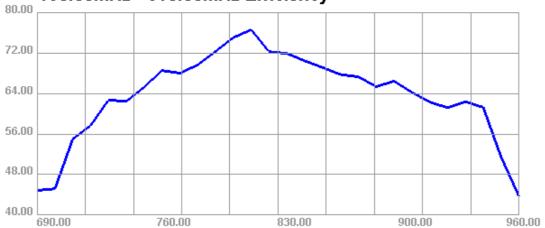






• Board length 130mm

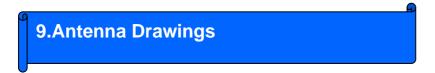


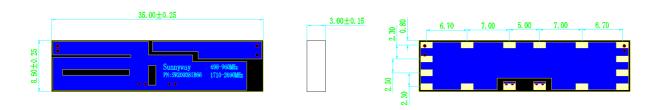


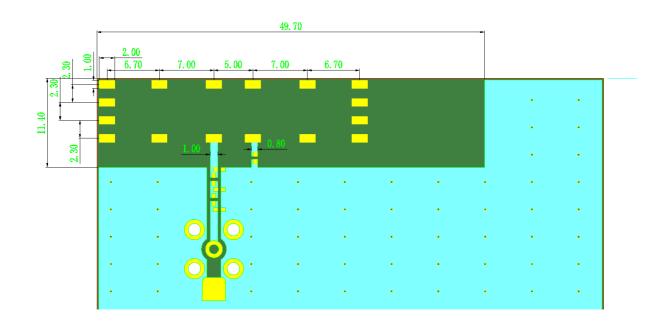
1710.00MHz - 2690.00MHz Efficiency













10. Soldering Temperature

| PHASE | PROFILE FEATURES | PB-Free Assembly(max.) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| RAMP-UP | Avg.Ramp-up Rate(Tsmax to Tp) | 3°C/second(max.) |
| PREHEAT | Temperature Min(Tsmin) | 150°C |
| | Temperature Max(Tsmax) | 180℃ |
| | Time(tsmin to tsmax) | 120seconds max |
| REFLOW | Temperature(TL) | 210℃ |
| | Total Time above TL(tl) | 50seconnds max |
| PEAK | Temperature(Tp) | 260°C |
| | Time(tp) | 10seconnds max |
| RAMP-DOWN | Rate | 5°C/second max |

11. Reflow Profile

