

Features:

- 5V±10% power supply;
- Dual channel
- 120kbps communication rate;
- Driver input compatible with TTL/CMOS logic level
- RS232 output compatible with TTL level input circuit
- Receiver input impedance minimum 3K Ω

Product appearance:

Provide green lead-free package

describe

SIT232 is a 5V single-supply, dual-channel, low-power RS-232 that fully meets the requirements of TIA/EIA-232 standards transceiver.

SIT232 includes two drivers and two receivers, both of which can be used independently, the receiver converts RS-232 signals into CMOS Logic output level, EIA/TIA-232E defines a voltage greater than 3V as logic 0, all receivers of SIT232 are reversed, so the receiver responds to the TTL level consistent with the EIA/TIA-232E level. Under 5V power supply, the charge pump only needs four external capacitors of 1 μ F, and the rate can reach at least 120Kbps error-free data transmission output, both can be enabled and disabled independently. Each driver and receiver can be used independently.

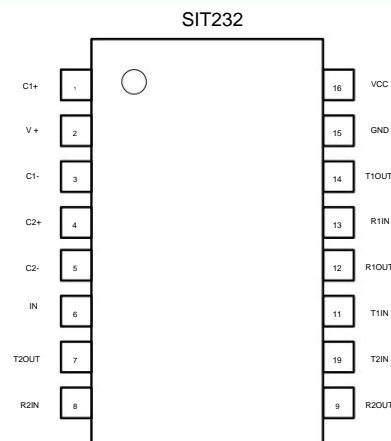
pinout diagram

Figure 1 SIT232 pinout diagram

Limit parameters

parameter	symbol	size	unit
voltage	VCC	-0.3~+6	IN
Voltage doubler pin	V +	VCC-0.3~+14	IN
reverse voltage pin	IN-	+0.3~-14	IN
V+ + V- 		+13	IN
Transmitter input pin	T1INyT2IN	-0.3~VCC+0.3	IN
receiver input pin	R1INyR2IN	±30	IN
Transmitter output pins T1OUT, T2OUT		V+ +0.3~V- -0.3	IN
Receiver output pins R1OUT, R2OUT		-0.3~VCC+0.3	IN
range of working temperature		-40~85	°C
Storage operating temperature range		-60~150	°C
Soldering temperature range		300	°C
Continuous power consumption	SOP16	760	mW
	DIP16	840	mW

Maximum limit parameter values are those values that may cause irreversible damage to the device. Under these conditions it is not conducive to the normal operation of the device, continuous operation of the device under the maximum allowable rating may affect the reliability of the device, and the reference point of all voltages is ground.

pin definition

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	C1+	Positive terminal of voltage doubler charge pump capacitor
2	V+	voltage doubler charge pump voltage port
3	C1-	Negative terminal of voltage doubler charge pump capacitor
4	C2+	Positive terminal of the inverting charge pump capacitor
5	C2-	Negative terminal of the inverting charge pump capacitor
6	V-	Inverting charge pump voltage output
7	T2OUT	second transmitter signal output terminal
8	R2IN	second receiver signal input terminal
9	R2OUT	The second receiver signal output terminal
10	T2IN	second transmitter signal input terminal
11	T1IN	First transmitter signal input terminal

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12	R1OUT First receiver signal output terminal
13	R1IN First receiver signal input terminal
14	T1OUT First transmitter signal output terminal
15	GND ground
16	VCC power



Supply current

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
No-load supply current	I_{sup}			5	10	mA

(Unless otherwise stated, the typical value is measured at $V_{CC}=+5V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$, and capacitors $C1-C4=1\mu F$)

Logic Input Electrical Characteristics

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Logic control low level	V_{TIN_L}	T1IN, T2IN ports			0.8	IN
Logic control high level	V_{TIN_H}	T1IN, T2IN port 2				IN
Logic Control Hysteresis		T1IN, T2IN port		0.3		IN
Input logic current	I_{TIN}	T1IN, T2IN port		± 1	± 10	μA

(Unless otherwise stated, the typical value is measured at $V_{CC}=+5V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$, and capacitors $C1-C4=1\mu F$)

Receiver Output Electrical Characteristics

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Receiver output low level	V_{ROL}	$I_{OUT}=3.2mA$,			0.4	IN
Receiver output high level	V_{ROH}	$I_{OUT}=-1mA$, (if not	3.5			IN

otherwise specified, the typical value is measured at $V_{CC}=+5V$, $Temp=25^{\circ}C$, capacitor $C1-C4=1\mu F$)

Receiver Input Electrical Characteristics

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Receiver Input Range	VRIN		-30		+30	IN
Receiver Input Low Threshold	VRIL		0.8	1.1		IN
Receiver Input High Threshold	VRIH			1.5	2.4	IN
receiver input Hysteresis				0.4		IN
Receiver Input Impedance	RRIN		3	5	7	kΩ

(Unless otherwise stated, the typical value is measured at VCC=+5V, Temp=25 \AA , and capacitors C1-C4=1 μ F)

Transmitter Output Electrical Characteristics

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Transmitter output swing	VTOUT	All transmitter outputs Terminated with 3 k Ω to ground load	\pm5.0	\pm7.3		IN
Transmitter output impedance	RTOUT	VCC=0V \AA Transmitter Input = \pm 2V	300			Ω
Transmitter short circuit current	I_{tsc}			\pm10	\pm60	mA

(Unless otherwise stated, the typical value is measured at VCC=+5V, Temp=25 \AA , and capacitors C1-C4=1 μ F)

Switching Characteristics

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
rate	Speed	RL=3k Ω , CL=1000pF			120	kbps
Receiver propagation delay	tRPHL	CL=150pF			0.5	10 us
	tRPLH				0.5	10 us
Transmitter Slew Rate	SR	RL=3k Ω ~7 k Ω CL=50pF~1000pF From -3.0V to 3.0V or 3.0V~-3.0V			4	V/us

(Unless otherwise stated, the typical value is measured at VCC=+5V, Temp=25 $^{\circ}$ C, and capacitors C1~C4=1 μ F)

illustrate

1 Dual charge pump operation

There are two charge pumps inside the SIT232 to support the level conversion work of the chip. The dual charge pumps convert the 5V power supply voltage to $\pm 10V$ (no-load) voltage is used for the 232 driver, each charge pump needs a flying capacitor (C1, C2) and a storage capacitor (C3, C4), Generate V+ and V- supplies. As shown in Figure 8.

2 RS232 transmitter

Converts TTL/CMOS logic levels to levels compatible with EIA/TIA-232 standards, SIT232 transmitters operate under worst-case conditions (3k Ω resistor and 4.5V supply voltage) can guarantee a data rate of 120kbps, the transmitter can drive multiple receivers in parallel, driving The slew rate of the device is limited to 30V/us per EIA/TIA-232E requirements.

3 RS232 receiver

SIT232 has two independent receivers that convert RS-232 signals to CMOS logic output levels, EIA/TIA-232E Define the voltage greater than 3V as logic 0, all receivers of SIT232 are reversed, so the receiver responds to the TTL level consistent with the EIA/TIA-232E level.

4 Typical applications

A typical dual-channel application scheme is shown in Figure 2, in which the typical capacitance value of C1-C5 is 1 μF , and the power supply VCC should be connected with C1, C2 Decoupling capacitors of the same value to ground should be placed as close to the device as possible.

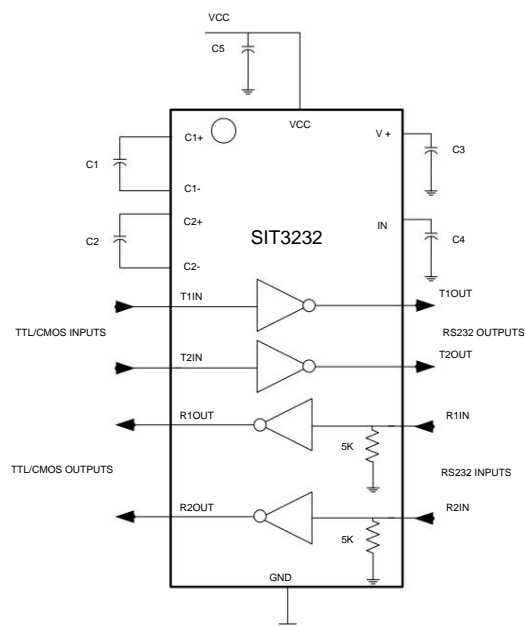
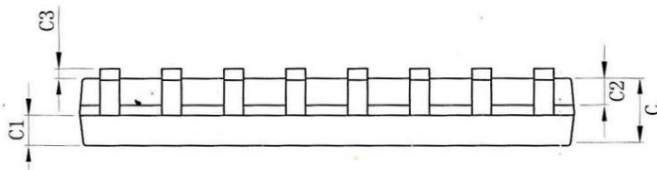
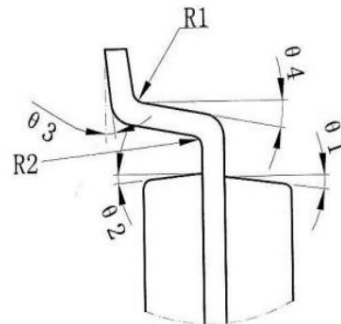
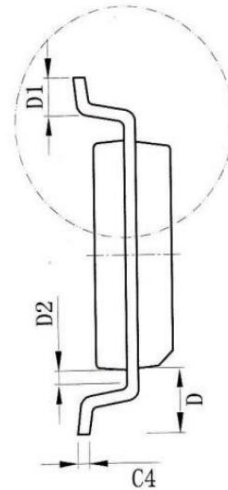
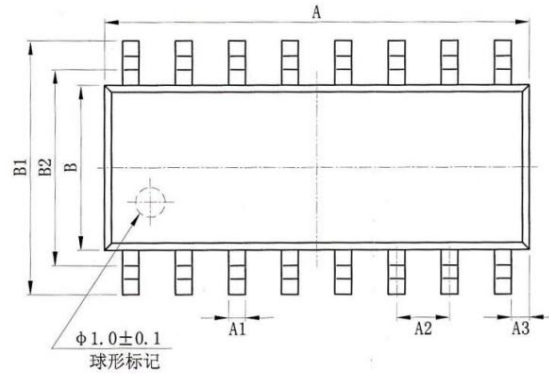


Figure 2 Typical dual-channel application scheme

SOP16 Dimensions

Package size

Dimension	minimum value/mm	maximum value/mm
A	9.80	10.00
A1	0.356	0.456
A2	1.27TYP	
A3	0.302TYP	
B	3.85	3.95
B1	5.84	6.24
B2	5.00 TYPE	
C	1.40	1.60
C1	0.61	0.71
C2	0.54	0.64
C3	0.05	0.25
C4	0.203	0.233
D	1.05 TYPE	
D1	0.40	0.70
D2	0.15	0.25
R1	0.20TYP	
R2	0.20TYP	
γ1	8°~12°TYP4	
γ2	8°~12°TYP4	
γ3	0°~8°	
γ4	4°~12°	





SIT232

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Ordering Information

order code	temperature	package
SIT232ESE	-40ÿ~85ÿ	16 SO

Tape packaging is 2500 pcs/reel